

### A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Dualling

Scheme Number: TR010040

9.25 Applicant's Response to Deadline 6
Submissions

The Infrastructure Planning (Examination Procedure) Rules 2010

Rule 8(1)(c)

Planning Act 2008

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

November 2021

Deadline 7



### Infrastructure Planning

### Planning Act 2008

# The Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

## A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Dualling Development Consent Order 202[x]

#### APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO DEADLINE 6 SUBMISSIONS

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### 1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1.1 The Development Consent Order (DCO) application for the A47 Blofield to North Burlingham scheme was submitted on 30 December 2020 and accepted for examination on 27 January 2021.
- 1.1.2 The purpose of this document is to set out Highways England's (the Applicant) response to the Deadline 5 submissions by other parties.
- 1.1.3 The Applicant has no response to make to the submissions by Climate Emergency Planning and Policy (**REP6-008**), the Environment Agency (**REP6-009**) and Natural England (**REP6-xxx**).



### 2 NORWICH CYCLING CAMPAIGN (REP6-010 to REP6-014)

Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	Below is an extract from the questions asked by the Ex/A, and the response by Highways England. It was also directed to Norfolk County Council for some unexplained reason. The response from Highways England is unsigned. We do not know if this is the official position of Highways England or if it is the work of a junior manager at the project level or somebody more senior at the Bedford Regional Office.	The Applicant does not believe that a response is required to this part of the submission.
	Page 6 2.14.2 App NCC	
	The ExA notes differing advice within DMRB CD 143 'Designing for walking, cycling and horse-riding' and Local Transport Note (LTN) 1/20 'Cycle infrastructure design', relating to recommended widths of shared cycle tracks (2 metres and 3 metres respectively). Can the parties please: a) explain the status of LTN 1/20 and DMRB CD 143; and b) provide a view as to whether the standards of LTN 1/20 can be applied flexibly, given the rural context and likely low usage levels of shared cycle tracks associated with the Proposed Development?	
	Reply from HE	
	LTN 1/20 Cycle Infrastructure Design was published alongside "Gear Change: A bold vision for cycling and walking." The Applicant acknowledges that "Gear Change" applies to both urban and rural environments. However, the Applicant is mindful of the statement on page 33 reproduced below:	
	"No "one size fits all" approach — This policy, and the standards, recognise that different levels of provision may be appropriate in different place, both within and between local authorities. For instance, in a shire county, the busy, densely-populated county town may be a higher priority for cycling intervention than a small village. We will require more from local authorities, urban or rural. But our main focus	



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	will be on medium-sized towns, larger towns and cities."  LTN 1/20 applies to local highway schemes as indicated in paragraph 1.1.1, which states that:  "Local authorities are responsible for setting design standards for their	
	roads. This national guidance provides a recommended basis for those standards on the overarching design principles and 22 summary principles. There will be an expectation that local authorities will demonstrate that they have given due consideration to this guidance when designing new cycling schemes and in particular, when applying for Government funding that includes cycle infrastructure."	
	Guidance for strategic roads is provided by DMRB standards, namely, CD 143 Designing for walking, cycling and horse-riding (for shard use facilities) and CD 195 Designing for cycle traffic (for cycle only schemes). As the Scheme is providing either footways or shared unsegregated cycle tracks with a right of way on foot, CD 195 does not apply in this case.	
	The Applicant has been cognisant of guidance provided in LTN 1/20 and DMRB standards when identifying the package of Walking, Cycling and Horse-riding improvements for the Scheme. However, Highways England does consider it appropriate to adopt the principles of LTN 1/20 for the Scheme on the following points:  • Highways England is not required to adopt the principles of Local Transport Notes. These are advisory documents	
	<ul> <li>produced by the Department for Transport and recommended to local highway authorities for use on their roads</li> <li>The existing A47 and the local roads to which it connects are not new roads, a status not changed by the de-trunking process.</li> <li>The scheme is not being funded through a grant to Local Authorities.</li> </ul>	
	A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Dualling Applicant's Response to the Examiner's Second Written Questions (ExQ2) Planning Inspectorate	



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
Reference	Scheme Ref: TR010040 Application Document Ref: TR010040/EXAM/9.22 Page 8 ExQ2 Question to Question Applicant's Response  With regard to applying LTN 1/20 guidance flexibly, paragraph 4.4.4, page 33, of LTN 1/20 states, with reference to separation of the facility from the carriageway of a road, that "Although there may be fewer cyclists and pedestrians in rural areas, the same requirement for separation from fast moving motor vehicle applies. A well-constructed shared use facility designed to meet the needs of cycle traffic - including its width, alignment and treatments at side road and other junctions – may be adequate where pedestrian numbers are very low." It goes on to state at paragraph 5.5.3, page 41, that " away from the highway, and alongside busy interurban roads with few pedestrians or building frontages, shared use might be adequate Such facilities should be designed to meet the needs of cycle traffic" Paragraph 5.6.1, page	Applicant's Response
	designed to meet the needs of cycle traffic" Paragraph 5.6.1, page 43 references the use of " rural shared use facilities where there are few pedestrians" in the context of selecting cycle design speed and paragraph 5.9.3, page 45 references the use of " Shared use facilities alongside rural highways where there are few pedestrians" in the context of selecting horizontal curve radii. Additionally, paragraph 6.5.6, page 65 states that "Shared use may be appropriate in some situations, if well designed and implemented. Some are listed below Alongside interurban and arterial roads where there are few pedestrians" These extracts from LTN 1/20 highlight the fact that Gear Change is not a one size fits all approach and that use of shared use, cycle track, facilities for pedestrians and cyclists are appropriate alongside highways in rural areas where pedestrian flows are known to	
	be low, as is the case in the vicinity of the Scheme.  The Applicant has liaised with Norfolk County Council regarding the standard of the infrastructure to be provided and the Council has confirmed that it supports the provision of shared use cycle tracks.  LTN 1/20 focusses primarily on the design of cycle only infrastructure whereas DMRB standard CD 143 provides guidance on the design of shared use routes. CD 143 states that the width of an unsegregated	



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	shared use route shall be a minimum of 2.0 metres where there are less than 200 users per hour (paragraph	
	A47 Blofield to North Burlingham Dualling Applicant's Response to the Examiner's Second Written Questions (ExQ2) Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010040 Application Document Ref: TR010040/EXAM/9.22 Page 9 ExQ2 Question to Question Applicant's Response	
	E/3.5 refers). Observed user activity in the vicinity of the Scheme is very low and the volume of users is unlikely to exceed 200 users an hour in the future. A minimum width of 2.0 metres is therefore appropriate for the proposed shared use facilities. The Scheme proposes 2.5 metres wide shared use facilities, although, the Applicant acknowledges that the width may need to reduce to 2.0 metres at pinch-points, e.g. where there are existing trees. The widths of the proposed facilities will be confirmed as part of detailed design. 2.14.3 App	
	The response from HE appears to accept the policy of "Gear Change", but then attempts to undermine it by stressing the primacy of the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges over LTN 1/20 The response does not address the policy statements in "Gear Change":	The Applicant's principal guidance document is DMRB, with LTN being directed to local highway authorities. The references provided by the interested party are directed to local authorities seeking funding from the Department for Transport. Reference to Highways England is an explanation of the additional funding available for Highways England
	Page 9 (Graphic) "Target to double cycling"  Page 20	(now National Highways) for delivering cycling provision in its schemes. The Blofield scheme delivers significant cycling provision in an area where such provision currently is very limited.
	We have today, alongside this document, published new cycling design guidance which sets out the much higher standards we will now require if schemes are to receive funding, along with a number of failings, common in the past, which we will either no longer allow at all, or will strongly discourage. The summary principles are set out in the Appendix to this document. We do not seek perfection – but we do demand adequacy.	
	We would rather do nothing than do something inadequate. The	



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	standards will be enforced by a new inspectorate, Active Travel England, see theme 3, and we will expect Local Authorities and developers to utilise the guidance in the design of their schemes regardless of whether they are seeking Government funding. Well-designed and uncluttered streets benefit everyone.	
	Page 24	
	We will ensure that new local and strategic A road schemes include appropriate provision for cycling	
	The new cycling budget is the largest sum ever committed to active travel in this country. But if we are serious about putting cycling at the heart of transport policy, we must further shift the balance between projects for motoring and projects for cycling.	
	To receive Government funding for local highways investment where the main element is not cycling or walking improvements, there will be a presumption that all new schemes will deliver or improve cycling infrastructure to the new standards laid down, unless it can be shown that there is little or no need for cycling in the particular road scheme. Highways England will deliver even more cycling infrastructure as part of RIS2 published in March 2020 through the new Users and Communities Fund.	
	Page 31	
	Funding only schemes which meet the new standards	
	We will not fund or part-fund any scheme that does not meet the new standards and principles described in theme 1 and in the Appendix. We will not allow any other agency or body to fund such schemes using any of our money. This includes schemes delivered through pots such as the Transforming Cities Fund.	
	Page 20	



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	Inadequate cycling infrastructure discourages cycling and wastes public money. Much cycling infrastructure in this country is inadequate. It reflects a belief, conscious or otherwise, that hardly anyone cycles, that cycling is unimportant and that cycles must take no meaningful space from more important road users, such as motor vehicles and pedestrians. It offers little protection from motor traffic and gives up at the points where any difficulty is faced or inconvenience to motorists is risked. These are often, of course, precisely the places where cycling provision is most needed.  We have today, alongside this document, published new cycling design guidance which sets out the much higher standards we will now require if schemes are to receive funding, along with a number of failings, common in the past, which we will either no longer allow at all, or will strongly Discourage.	
	<ul> <li>Norwich Cycling Campaign suggest that Highways England are in breach of their Licence 2015 (attached). (REP6-011)</li> <li>Highways England have failed to "go the extra mile" in consulting and taking into account the views of the local communities affected by this scheme as set out in the Foreword.</li> <li>They have failed to implement Government policies as set out in "Gear Change" and LTN 1/20 as required by 5.29.</li> <li>They have failed to complied with 3.3 by not informing the Secretary of State of the issues raised in their answers above.</li> <li>It may well be that issues concerning Highways England's licence are outside of the scope of this Inquiry and are more properly to be addressed by the Regulatory Authority, Office of Rail and Road.</li> <li>Attached: "Holding Highways England to Account", March 2020 (REP6-012)</li> </ul>	Breaches of HE's licence (Licence) are, as anticipated by the Interested Party, for the Office of Rail and Road (ORR) to consider, albeit significant breaches may be matters the ExA and SoS would have regard to in considering whether or not to grant consent.  It is the Applicants position that no breaches have occurred in the proposals for the scheme that is the subject of this application for development consent.  The statement that the licence holder "should go the extra mile" is a statement of intent and not a measurable licence condition that might give rise to a breach of the licence. The Applicant believes that the provision for cyclists in the Blofield Scheme is significant and meets the ambition of the Licence.  The Applicant believes the Blofield Scheme is fully in accordance with Licence Condition 5.29. The Applicant has consistently and correctly applied the relevant DMRB requirements and is substantially improving cycling provision within the scheme boundary.



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	Foreword  The Licence emphasises that the role of Highways England is about more than just complying with the letter of the law. We expect the company to go the extra mile in the way it engages with road users and collaborates with other organisations to develop shared solutions. And they must take a lead in promoting and improving the role and performance of roads in respect of broader communal responsibilities, such as the aesthetics of design, safety and the environment, as well as driving forward wider progress on technology and innovation.  2.1 This document includes both statutory directions and statutory guidance issued by the Secretary of State to the Licence holder, as provided for in section 6 of the Infrastructure Act 2015. Directions must be complied with by the Licence holder. In the interests of clarity, in this document the statutory directions are indicated by use of the word "must" (where marked in bold). All other parts of the document should be considered statutory guidance.  3.1 The Licence holder must, without prejudice to the Licence holder's legal duties or other obligations, comply with or have due regard to (as appropriate) the conditions set out in this document, which constitute statutory directions and guidance issued by the Secretary of State to the Licence holder as provided for in section 6 of the Infrastructure Act 2015.  3.2 It is not intended that these conditions should be incompatible with other legal duties or statutory guidance, though they may affect the manner in which certain functions (including statutory functions) are discharged.  3.3 If the Licence holder becomes aware of any incompatibility between the Licence and its other legal duties, it must notify the Secretary of State and the Highways Monitor immediately.	The Applicant is not in breach of licence condition 3.3. Licence condition 3.3 must be read in conjunction with the preceding two licence conditions. Licence Condition 3.1 sets out the context of the provisions of the Licence under the Infrastructure Act 2015. Licence Condition 3.2 indicates that the intention is that the Licence provisions and the statutory regime under which the licence holder operates should be compatible.  Licence Condition 3.3 then states that, if it becomes aware of incompatibility between the Licence Holder's general legal obligations and the provisions of its licence then the Licence Holder must tell the Secretary of State and the ORR. Licence Condition 3.3 is not a provision requiring notification on an event by event basis of any suggested departure from specific guidance or other documentation that may apply to the evolution of consideration of specific projects.



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	<ul> <li>5.29 In exercising its role as a strategic highways company and complying with the requirements in Part 4, the Licence holder must comply with or have due regard to relevant Government policy, as advised by the Secretary of State, with full regard to any implications for the Licence holder's ability to deliver the Road Investment Strategy.</li> <li>5.30 For the purposes of this section, "relevant Government policy" means all current policies which:</li> <li>a. Relate to the activities of the Licence holder, and b. Have been:</li> <li>i. Published in England by or on behalf of Her Majesty's Government, or ii. Indicated to the Licence holder by the Secretary of State.</li> <li>5.31 In carrying out its activities, the Licence holder must have due regard to any guidance, standards or specifications relevant to its statutory or other functions. This includes being mindful of where new standards or specifications are developing and seeking to ensure that new projects are brought into line.</li> </ul>	
	5.32 In the event that the Licence holder departs from relevant statutory guidance, standards or specifications, the Licence holder must clearly record the justification for the departure, explaining why the provisions were not appropriate and (where applicable) how the alternative approach seeks to achieve the same outcomes through different means.	
	There is an unresolved issue of the application of DMRB GG 142 "Walking, cycling and horse-riding assessment and review".	The Applicant has followed the detailed requirements of GG 142 to carry out an Assessment and Review.
	There is a contradiction in Highways England's insistence on the importance and supremacy of the details of DMRB CD 195 "Designing for Cycle Traffic", but are ignoring the detailed	The Applicant has then used CD 143 "Designing for walking, cycling and horse-riding" to carry out the design of those provisions being included in the scheme.
	requirements of GG 142	In the Applicant's Response to Examiner's Second Written Questions (ExQ2) ( <b>REP5-016</b> ) the Applicant explained that CD 195 "Designing for Cycle Traffic" does not apply.



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	<ul> <li>GG 142 is a two stage process, but in this matter it has been compressed into one document.</li> <li>The Process should begin before the earliest design stage and should influence the development of the design through consultation and iteration with Stake Holders. (ref "WCHR process summary", GG142, page 6)</li> <li>In this matter there is evidence from the dates of various documents that the basic design was frozen before the WCHR was begun.</li> <li>The WCHR Assessment and review has been criticized in detail by local stakeholders, including:         <ul> <li>Burlingham and Lingwood Parish Council</li> <li>Norwich Cycling Campaign</li> <li>Burlingham Cottage Gardeners</li> <li>Create Consulting Engineers Ltd</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Section 4.9 of the Scheme Assessment Report (SAR), completed in 2017, describes the "NMU" assessment carried out during the options development stage. Section 13.5 goes on to describe the proposals for each of the options and states that further assessment is required in future stages.  It should also be noted that when the SAR was drafted the relevant DMRB standard was HD 42/05 "The NMU Audit Process". In May 2017 this was updated to HD 42/17 "Walking, Cycling & Horse-Riding Assessment and Review (WCHAR)", which is more aligned to the current GG 142, however was not in place to be used during option selection.  The WCH Assessment was initially carried out in February 2018 and as the scheme was delayed, in accordance with DMRB GG 142 (section 5.4), the Assessment was revisited and completed in 2020. The WCH Review was then completed during Preliminary Design and issued in August 2020.  The Applicant has therefore completed two separate stages of the process. The Assessment was completed prior to commencement of Preliminary Design and the Review was completed during Preliminary Design. The completed documents were issued at Deadline 2 (REP2-012), as two annexes to a single document for the purpose of examination.  The Applicant will also complete a further Review in Detailed Design, in accordance with GG 142.
	Broadland District Council have criticized the lack of connectivity with Acle	As previously responded to in the Applicant's Response to Relevant Representations (REP1-060), regarding connectivity to Acle:  An attractive walking route for recreational walking trips between North Burlingham and Acle is already provided by way of the Burlingham Woodland Walks network, utilising sections of Burlingham FP1 and FP2, South Walsham FP12, the permissive footpath between South Walsham Road and The Windle and the Byway between The Windle and Mill Lane in Acle. Therefore, given the existing walking route, there is no requirement for an additional walking route along the A47 between South Walsham



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		Road and The Windle.  With the Scheme in place, cyclists wishing to travel between North Burlingham and Acle will have a choice of routes. On leaving North Burlingham, they can travel north along South Walsham Road to Green Lane, northeast along Green Lane to Acle Road and then follow Acle Road/South Walsham Road into Acle. Alternatively, cyclists can leave Acle Road at The Windle and travel south before following the Byway which provides access to Mill Lane in the centre of Acle. Both routes are attractive and conducive to cycling. For cyclists not using road bikes, use can also be made of bridleway South Walsham BR11, which would result in a shorter journey than using Green Lane. Therefore, given the choice of existing cycling routes, there is no requirement for an additional cycling route along the A47 between South Walsham Road and The Windle.
	These detailed criticisms have been supported by many personal submissions and signatures.  Some of the criticisms are:  It is a desk-top, map-based survey  There are serious omissions from the policy documents considered  Failure to follow national policy as set out in "Gear Change"  Low levels of consultation with local stakeholders  Conclusions based on a flawed presumption of lack of demand for cycling  Information on traffic omits any mention of the 700-900 HGVs per day traveling to and from the Cantley sugar beet factory for almost six months of the year  There are gross errors and omissions in the information on potential trips and demand	The Applicant has responded directly to each of the representations made by individual parties.  The Applicant has responded regarding the application of Gear Change, in the Applicant's Response to Written Representations (REP3-025), page 36.  The Applicant has responded to Norwich Cycling Campaign's point regarding consultation in the Applicant's Response to Deadline 4 Submissions (REP5-015), pg 37:  Details of consultation and engagement with key stakeholders are provided in the Consultation Report (APP-022) and the accompanying Annexes (APP-023 to APP-038).  The Local Authorities have also confirmed, as requested by the ExA, that consultation was adequate. (AoC-001, AoC-002, AoC-003, AoC-004, AoC-005, AoC-006, AoC-007)



Question 2.14.2 "likely low usage levels of shared cycle tracks associated with the Proposed Development."  Norwich Cycling Campaign feel that it is regrettable that the EX/A  The	the Transport Assessment ( <b>REP1-044</b> ), para 5.3.4, confirms that further affic surveys, including the seasonal traffic associated with the Cantley ugar beet factory, were undertaken to inform the local junction modelling.  There are no existing facilities for cyclists in the vicinity of the scheme.
associated with the Proposed Development."  The  Norwich Cycling Campaign feel that it is regrettable that the EX/A  The	· ·
" is a fact when it is based on the flawed WCHR Assessment and Review rereferred to above. This undermines confidence in the evenhandedness, or impartiality, of the Inquiry.  The Highways England Cycling e-learning   Module 1 preface states:  "Current levels of demand for cycle trips are not always a good indication of potential future levels of demand. Creation of a comprehensive network of good quality cycle routes has the potential to stimulate demand beyond the incremental change that demand models predict."  Where the Gear Change states in a graphic on page nine that Government facility.	he Scheme is providing the following facilitates which will greatly improve the provision and safety for cyclists.  1. A shared use East – West footway / cycleway from the realigned Yarmouth Road, over the Blofield Overbridge along the detrunked A47 to Main Road, North Burlingham.  2. A shared use North – South footway / cycleway from Main Road, North Burlingham, over the B1140 Overbridge, onto Acle Road  3. A shared use East – West footway / cycleway from the B1140 to Blofield Overbridge, to the south of the scheme. This off-line facility will provide connections to local highways to the south of the scheme.  There shared use facilities are provided adjacent to new and improved xisting highways, appropriate separation will be provided between the acility and the running carriageway in accordance with DMRB standard D143.



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	reports:	
	National Travel Attitudes Study May 2021 (REP6-013)	
	Nearly two-thirds (64%) of the sample support the creation of dedicated cycle lanes in their local area.	
	When respondents, who did not state that cycling is impossible for them due to their disability, were given a list of reasons and asked which (if any) of them would encourage them to cycle more, reasons related to cycling infrastructure and safety were mentioned most often. Off-road and segregated cycle paths (55%) and safer roads (53%) were both mentioned by more than half of the sample.	
	Other incentives related to infrastructure that were mentioned by a substantial share of respondents include well-maintained road surfaces for cycling (49%), more direct cycle routes (43%) and raising awareness of local cycle routes (36%).	
	Walking and Cycling Statistics, England: 2019 (August 2020) (REP6-014)	
	Two thirds of adults feel that it is too dangerous to cycle on the roads. In 2020, the third wave of the National Travel Attitudes Study (NTAS) showed that 66% of adults aged 18+ in England agreed that "it is too dangerous for me to cycle on the roads".	
	Reported road casualties in Great Britain: pedal cycle. September 2021 (attached).	
	We would draw the attention of the EX/A to Table 3 which shows the risk that HGVs present to cyclists.	
	Also Chart 5, which shows how dangerous rural roads are to cyclists.	



Reference	Deadline 5 submission	Applicant's Response
	Finally we would like to remind the EX/A of the Section 4 of LTN 1/20:  "4.2.9 Not only must cycle infrastructure be safe, it should also be perceived to be safe so that more people feel able to cycle."	The proposed shared use facilities will be designed in accordance with DMRB standard CD143 and will achieve a reasonable balance of the five core design principles, which includes safety. Where shared use facilities are provided adjacent to new and improved existing highways, appropriate separation will be provided between the facility and the running carriageway.